

EAST PARK ENERGY

East Park Energy

EN010141

Environmental Statement Volume 2 – Technical Appendices

Appendix 7-2: Breeding Bird Survey Report 2025

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EAST PARK ENERGY

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Background

- 1.1.1 This appendix has been prepared to accompany ES Vol 1 Chapter 7: Ecology and Nature Conservation [EN010141/DR/6.1] of the Environmental Statement (ES) for the East Park Energy project (the 'Scheme'), and presents methodology and results of a suite of breeding bird surveys undertaken in 2025 in relation to the Scheme.
- 1.1.2 The objectives of this report are to:
 - provide a summary of the baseline ornithological studies undertaken during the 2025 breeding season;
 - provide baseline information on breeding ornithological features within the
 Site and relevant survey buffer; and,
 - identify the presence of any notable breeding bird species within the Site and relevant survey buffer that may require particular consideration in any subsequent assessment.
- 1.1.3 Only common bird species names are referred to within the main text of this Appendix. A summary of all bird species referred to herein including scientific names and conservation status is presented in Annex 1.
- 1.1.4 Previous breeding bird surveys were undertaken in 2022 and 2024, which were included in the Preliminary Environmental Information Report (PEIR). Data collected in 2022 and 2024 is superseded by surveys in 2025; however, the full report is available in Annex 3 of this document.



2.0 METHODOLOGY

- 2.1.1 Breeding bird surveys were undertaken between April 2025 and July 2025, following the guidance by the Bird Survey & Assessment Steering Group (2023)¹. The survey comprised a series of six staggered survey visits.
- 2.1.2 Five survey visits were carried out from dawn or as close to, with the majority finished by 11:00hrs. One of the six visits was conducted in the evening (i.e. post sunset) to pick up species not readily recorded by conventional surveys early in the morning (e.g. crepuscular species). All surveys were carried out in conditions suitable for survey (avoiding heavy rain and strong winds). A summary of survey effort is presented in Table 2.1 and detailed survey conditions are presented in Annex 2.
- 2.1.3 The breeding bird survey area (henceforth 'BBS Area') is illustrated on **ES**Vol 3 Figure 7-4 [EN010141/DR/6.3] and comprised the Site, as well as a surrounding 100m Site buffer. Coverage of the 100m buffer was observed from within the Site boundary and only recorded the presence of species listed under Schedule 1 of the Wildlife & Countryside Act 1981² (as amended).
- 2.1.4 During the surveys, all 'Notable Species' (see below) were recorded on suitably scaled field maps using standard BTO species codes³ and behaviour notations (such as singing, carrying food, active nest). In line with the survey objectives and the scale of the assessment, a broad territory mapping approach was adopted. This approach treats each observation of a species exhibiting breeding or territorial behaviour such as singing, display, or evidence of breeding activity, as a single territory or breeding pair within the mapped area. Where multiple observations or registrations of the same species occurred in close proximity and likely referred to the same individual

¹ Bird Survey & Assessment Steering Group. (2023). Bird Survey Guidelines for assessing ecological impacts,

v.1.1.1. https://birdsurveyguidelines.org (Accessed: 8th July 2025)

² Schedule 1 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended).

https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/1981/69/schedule/1 (Accessed: 8th July 2025)

³ https://www.bto.org/sites/default/files/u10/downloads/taking-part/species codes.pdf (Accessed: 8th July 2025)



(e.g. single singing male holding territory) or pair, these were classed as a single territory to avoid overestimating breeding pairs.

- 2.1.5 Breeding evidence was classified according to standard criteria (see Table 2.2), but territory totals represent broad estimates rather than intensive territory mapping, in line with good practice for site-wide breeding bird surveys (broadly following that of the breeding bird survey methods described in Gilbert et al., 1998⁴). The estimated number of breeding territories for Notable Species is provided in Table 3.1, with such territories also mapped and presented on **ES Vol 3 Figure 7-4 [EN010141/DR/6.3]**, given these are the most relevant species to the design and assessment of development proposals.
- 2.1.6 'Notable Species' relevant to the Scheme that were recorded and mapped during the breeding bird surveys, comprised Birds of Conservation Concern (BoCC) Amber and Red List Species (Stanbury *et al.*, 2021⁵ and Stanbury *et al.* 2024⁶), birds listed under Section 41 (S41) of the 2006 Natural Environment and Rural Communities (NERC) Act 2006⁷, and Annex 18/Schedule 1 species. Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Local Biodiversity Action Plan⁹ (LBAP) species, including Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Additional Species of Interest (CPASI), were also included as Notable

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⁴ Gilbert, G., Gibbons, D.W & Evans, J. (1998) Bird monitoring methods. A manual of techniques for key UK species. RSPB, Sandy.
⁵ Stanbury, A., Eaton, M., Aebischer, N., Balmer, D., Brown, A., Douse, A., Lindley, P., McCulloch, N., Noble, D.,

Stanbury, A., Eaton, M., Aebischer, N., Balmer, D., Brown, A., Douse, A., Lindley, P., McCulloch, N., Noble, D. and Win I. 2021. The status of our bird populations: the fifth Birds of Conservation Concern in the United Kingdom, Channel Islands and Isle of Man and second IUCN Red List assessment of extinction risk for Great Britain. British Birds, 114, pp. 723-747. Available online at https://britishbirds.co.uk/content/status-our-bird-populations (Accessed:8th July 2025)

⁶ Stanbury, A.J., Burns, F., Aebischer, N.J., Baker, H., Balmer, D.E., Brown, A., Dunn, T., Lindley, P., Murphy, M., Noble, D.G. and Owens, R. (2024). The status of the UK's breeding seabirds: an addendum to the fifth Birds of Conservation Concern in the United Kingdom, Channel Islands and Isle of Man and second IUCN Red List assessment of extinction risk for Great Britain. British Birds, 117:.471-487. Available online at https://britishbirds.co.uk/seabird-bocc5a (Accessed:8th July 2025)

⁷ http://publications.naturalengland.org.uk/publication/4958719460769792 (Accessed: 8th July 2025)

⁸ Annex 1 – species listed on Annex 1 of the EC Directive 2009/147/EC of the European Parliament on the conservation of wild birds.

https://ec.europa.eu/environment/nature/conservation/wildbirds/threatened/index_en.htm (Accessed: 8th July 2025)

⁹ https://www.cperc.org.uk/information.php (Accessed: 19th August 2025)



- Species, however the Bedfordshire and Luton Local Biodiversity Action Plan¹⁰ was not included as it contains no listed birds species.
- 2.1.7 Following a review of the Multi-Agency Geographic Information for the Countryside ('MAGIC')¹¹ website, no internationally designated statutory sites with breeding bird interests were recorded within 20km of the Site.
- 2.1.8 Presence of common and widespread species that are not classified as Notable Species (i.e. BoCC Green List Species and non-native species) and are hereafter referred to as 'Secondary Species' were also recorded for each survey visit; however, locations and activities were not mapped during the survey effort due to the spatial scale of the BBS Area and priority being given to identify Notable Species.
- 2.1.9 Observations included species potentially breeding in the wider area, even where habitats on the Site were not suitable for those particular species (e.g. foraging gulls within proximity of a known colony). Additionally, non-breeding birds visiting the Site (e.g., gulls feeding in fields) and birds flying over the Site were also recorded.
- 2.1.10 Due to the extent of the Site, the BBS Area was partitioned into 8 distinct survey areas (as covered by 'Maps 1 to 8', as shown on ES Vol 3 Figure 7-4 [EN010141/DR/6.3]) that were surveyed over a number of consecutive days and analysed independently.
- 2.1.11 Results for all 8 survey areas were then combined to provide a final count of Notable Species breeding within the Site (Table 3.1), as well as Schedule 1 species within the 100m Site buffer.
- 2.1.12 Breeding bird survey visits were undertaken by B. Miller (BM), D. Bryant (DB),D. Oakley-Martin (DOM), M. Ilett (MI), M. Burgess (MB), R. Bashford (RB), R.

¹⁰ https://www.bedscape.org.uk/BRMC/newsite/index.php?c=bedslife_bap (Accessed: 8th July 2025)

¹¹ <u>https://magic.defra.gov.uk/</u> (Accessed 8th July 2025)



Goodlad (RG), R. Hill (RH), S. Black (SB) and S. Elsom (SE); all of whom are highly experienced ornithologists.

Table 2:1: Breeding bird survey effort.

Survey Visit	Survey Area	Date	Surveyor	Start time (24hrs)	End time (24hrs)	Survey type	Sunrise / Sunset (24hrs)
	Map 1	24/04/2025	MB	08:55	11:55	Dawn	05:44 / 20:15
	Map 2	24/04/2025	МВ	05:40	08:50	Dawn	05:44 / 20:15
	Мар 3	24/04/2025	SE	05:50	09:05	Dawn	05:44 / 20:15
1	Map 4	24/04/2025	DS	05:35	08:41	Dawn	05:44 / 20:15
'	Map 5	24/04/2025	RB	05:34	08:29	Dawn	05:44 / 20:15
	Мар 6	24/04/2025	RB	08:29	11:29	Dawn	05:44 / 20:15
	Map 7	24/04/2025	MI	05:30	08:30	Dawn	05:44 / 20:15
	Map 8	24/04/2025	DS	09:07	12:14	Dawn	05:44 / 20:15
	Map 1	29/04/2025	DS	08:58	12:29	Dawn	05:34 / 20:24
	Map 2	29/04/2025	DS	05:35	08:46	Dawn	05:34 / 20:24
	Мар 3	30/04/2025	RH	05:30	08:50	Dawn	05:32 / 20:25
2	Map 4	30/04/2025	DS	08:37	11:42	Dawn	05:32 / 20:25
_	Мар 5	30/04/2025	SB	08:20	11:20	Dawn	05:32 / 20:25
	Мар 6	30/04/2025	SB	05:20	08:20	Dawn	05:32 / 20:25
	Мар 7	30/04/2025	SE	05:32	08:53	Dawn	05:32 / 20:25
	Map 8	30/04/2025	DS	05:25	08:31	Dawn	05:32 / 20:25
	Map 1	10/05/2025	RB	05:29	08:29	Dawn	05:14 / 20:42
3	Мар 2	11/05/2025	RB	05:27	08:44	Dawn	05:12 / 20:43
	Мар 3	11/05/2025	RG	05:20	08:45	Dawn	05:12 / 20:43
	Map 4	12/05/2025	RB	05:27	08:42	Dawn	05:10 / 20:45



Survey Visit	Survey Area	Date	Surveyor	Start time (24hrs)	End time (24hrs)	Survey type	Sunrise / Sunset (24hrs)
	Map 5	10/05/2025	SB	05:06	08:10	Dawn	05:14 / 20:42
	Мар 6	11/05/2025	SB	05:10	08:15	Dawn	05:12 / 20:43
	Map 7	18/05/2025	ВМ	05:28	08:42	Dawn	05:01 / 20:54
	Map 8	13/05/2025	RB	05:28	08:32	Dawn	05:09 / 20:47
	Map 1	21/05/2025	RB	19:00	22:00	Dusk	04:57 / 20:59
	Map 2	22/05/2025	RB	19:00	22:00	Dusk	04:56 / 21:00
	Мар 3	23/05/2025	RH	18:45	22:00	Dusk	04:55 / 21:02
4	Map 4	24/05/2025	RB	18:55	21:58	Dusk	04:53 / 21:03
4	Map 5	23/05/2025	SB & DOM	18:54	22:00	Dusk	04:55 / 21:02
	Map 6	24/05/2025	SB & DOM	18:45	22:03	Dusk	04:53 / 21:03
	Мар 7	29/05/2025	ВМ	19:08	22:12	Dusk	04:48 / 21:09
	Map 8	26/05/2025	RB	19:00	22:00	Dusk	04:51 / 21:06
	Map 1	14/06/2025	RB	04:35	07:35	Dawn	04:39 / 21:24
	Map 2	25/06/2025	SB	04:25	07:25	Dawn	04:41 / 21:27
	Мар 3	17/06/2025	RH	04:45	08:10	Dawn	04:39 / 21:25
5	Map 4	18/06/2025	RB	04:49	07:47	Dawn	04:39 / 21:25
	Map 5	14/06/2025	SB	04:45	07:50	Dawn	04:39 / 21:24
	Мар 6	16/06/2025	SB	04:43	07:45	Dawn	04:39 / 21:25
	Мар 7	19/06/2025	ВМ	04:57	08:07	Dawn	04:39 / 21:26
	Мар 8	26/06/2025	MI	04:30	07:15	Dawn	04:41 / 21:26
	Мар 1	03/07/2025	DB	04:50	07:51	Dawn	04:45 / 21:25
6	Мар 2	07/07/2025	MB	04:48	09:00	Dawn	04:49 / 21:22
	Мар 3	08/07/2025	RH	04:50	08:10	Dawn	04:50 / 21:22



Survey Visit	Survey Area	Date	Surveyor	Start time (24hrs)	End time (24hrs)	Survey type	Sunrise / Sunset (24hrs)
	Map 4	04/07/2025	DB	04:50	08:00	Dawn	04:46 / 21:24
	Map 5	05/07/2025	SB	04:45	07:50	Dawn	04:47 / 21:23
	Мар 6	06/07/2025	SB	04:35	07:40	Dawn	04:48 / 21:23
	Map 7	09/07/2025	ВМ	04:57	08:25	Dawn	04:51 / 21:21
	Map 8	07/07/2025	SE	04:57	08:00	Dawn	04:49 / 21:22

Table 2:2: Criteria for Breeding Evidence (adapted from Sharrock, 1974¹²; Gillings et al., 2013¹³).

Possible	Probable	Confirmed	
 Observed in suitable nesting habitat. Singing male in suitable breeding habitat. 	 Pair observed in suitable nesting habitat. Permanent territory presumed through registration of territorial behaviour (song etc.) from many individuals on one day. Courtship and display. Visiting probable nest site. Agitated behaviour or calls suggesting probable presence of nest or young nearby. Nest building or excavation. 	 Distraction display or injury feigning. Used nest or eggshells. Recently fledged young. Adults entering or leaving nest site or adults seen incubating. Adult carrying faecal sac or food for young. Nest containing eggs. Nest with young. 	

¹² Sharrock, J.T.R. (1974) 'Minutes of the second meeting of the European Ornithological Atlas Committee', in: Pinowski, J. and Williamson, K. (eds). Proceedings of the Fourth Meeting of the International Bird Census Committee and the Second Meeting of the European Ornithological Atlas Committee, Acta Ornithologica, 14(6), pp. 261–268.

pp. 261–268.

13 Gillings, S., Balmer, D. E., Caffrey, B. J. and Swann, B. (2013) 'Survey methods and data sources', in: Balmer, D. E., Gillings, S., Caffrey, B. J., Swann, R. L., Downie, I. S. & Fuller, R. J. (eds), Bird Atlas 2007–11: The Breeding and Wintering Birds of Britain and Ireland. Thetford, UK: BTO Books. pp. 34–45



Limitations

- Guidance from the Bird Survey & Assessment Steering Group (2023) 2.1.13 suggests that dawn breeding bird surveys should typically commence within 30 minutes of sunrise and end by 11:00. All visits commenced within the recommended start time, however some surveys incorporated multiple survey areas on the same day by the same surveyor. This resulted in three surveys in both Visit 1 and Visit 2 commencing after the optimal start time in subsequent survey areas. The start time for these surveyed areas is not considered to be a limitation to the assessment as the survey continued during the recommended survey time period, however, these six prolonged survey visits were concluded between 11:00 and 12:29. As a result, 5.15 hours of survey effort in total was conducted outside the optimal survey time. With approximately 85% of dawn surveys fully conducted during optimal survey times, and with the species assemblage for all areas considered to be robustly analysed using data from six visits, it is not considered that the timing of dawn visits will impact the assessment.
- 2.1.14 Bird Survey & Assessment Steering Group (2023) guidance also suggests that evening surveys conclude following one hour after sunset. Although four dusk visits were concluded slightly prior to one hour after sunset (range: 2 to 6 minutes), it is deemed that that an accurate assessment of the breeding species assemblage was conducted during the survey timings of evening visits as all habitats within the Site were surveyed during the optimal survey time period.
- 2.1.15 No access was permitted to the grid connection corridor, as well as limited sections connecting various land parcels that are proposed for internal cabling and temporary access tracks (see ES Vol 3 Figure 7-4 [EN010141/DR/6.3]). Such works within these areas are considered temporary, small-scale and reversable in nature. However, some of these sections were surveyed from distance from within the BBS Area, and all land proposed as solar photovoltaic areas was incorporated into the survey effort. Sections lacking access were considered to comprise similar agricultural habitats to the surveyed BBS Area,



and therefore it is considered that the species assemblage likely present is comparable to that recorded. Due to the excluded fields representing a small area of the overall Site, with the likely breeding species expected to represent the same species assemblage recorded within the Site, the limited lack of access is not considered to impact the assessment.

2.1.16 In summary, no limitations to the survey dataset in informing a robust assessment of potential impacts upon breeding bird species are considered.



3.0 RESULTS

- 3.1.1 The breeding bird assemblage recorded within the BBS Area was considered representative of the locale and the agricultural, woodland and field boundary habitats present. A total of 56 species were recorded breeding within the BBS Area, which included 21 Notable Species within the Site as summarised in Table 3.1.
- 3.1.2 Breeding evidence for the 21 Notable Species¹⁴ recorded within the Site included:
 - Nine Red List species (grey partridge, cuckoo, lapwing, skylark, yellow wagtail, greenfinch, linnet, corn bunting and yellowhammer);
 - Eleven Amber List species (quail, stock dove, woodpigeon, moorhen, tawny owl, sedge warbler, whitethroat, wren, song thrush, dunnock and reed bunting);
 - Eleven listed as rare and most threatened species under Section 41 (S41)
 of the Natural Environment and Rural Communities (NERC) Act (2006)
 and LBAP (grey partridge, cuckoo, lapwing, skylark, song thrush,
 dunnock, yellow wagtail, linnet, corn bunting, yellowhammer and reed
 bunting);
 - Two species listed on Schedule 1 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended) (quail and red kite); and,
 - One species listed on Annex 1 of the Directive 2009/147/EC (Birds Directive) (red kite).
- 3.1.3 A single quail territory was recorded within an on-Site arable field which included a singing male recorded in July. A red kite territory was considered to be breeding within an on-Site woodland, however the exact location of the nest was not identified. Although the nest was not found, breeding was

¹⁴ It should be noted that not all species are classified within discreet conservation categories and that there may be some overlap.



- confirmed by the observation of a juvenile red kite in July, aligning with the species' typical breeding period stages.
- 3.1.4 Two potential barn owl territories were also identified within the 100m Site buffer during the survey period, although conclusive breeding activity was not confirmed. One potential territory included an adult barn owl observed flying from an adjacent agricultural building located directly adjacent to the Site boundary. The building was considered suitable to support breeding barn owl, however a detailed internal assessment was not undertaken at the time of survey due to a lack of access. A second adult barn owl was recorded hunting in the vicinity throughout the survey period, indicating that the building likely supports at least one breeding territory, with this individual probably being part of a pair associated with the building.
- 3.1.5 The second potential territory was recorded approximately 70m from the Site boundary and c. 6.88km from the first barn owl territory. This barn owl was recorded in a suitable breeding tree crevice in April. As this tree was located within the 100m buffer and not within the Site itself, it was not accessible for close examination during the survey. It should be noted that anecdotal evidence suggests that there was a barn owl box in the area (although the location was not fully disclosed), suggesting that the potential tree crevice was instead a roosting site rather than a nesting site. Although no conclusive breeding activity was identified during the survey effort, it has been treated as a potential breeding territory on a precautionary basis due to its breeding habitat suitability.
- 3.1.6 The location of breeding Schedule 1 species territories are considered sensitive and have been excluded from ES Vol 3 Figure 7-4 [EN010141/DR/6.3]. Confidential breeding locations of Schedule 1 species are presented separately on the *Confidential Schedule 1 Species Survey Results* plan ES Vol 3 Figure 7-9 [EN010141/DR/6.3].
- 3.1.7 The size of the surveyed Site is 731.44 ha, which with 125 estimated skylark territories, results on average to be 0.17 on-Site skylark territories per ha.

 Based on this calculated average territory density, it is considered that



- approximately 7 additional skylark territories are likely to be present in the 41.93 ha of land excluded from the survey (see limitations; paragraph 2.1.15).
- 3.1.8 Breeding territories of Notable Species were typically associated with vegetation along field boundaries, which principally comprises of field-margins, hedgerows, scrub, tree-lines, ditches, watercourses, ponds and woodland habitats within or directly adjacent to the Site. These species included cuckoo, stock dove, woodpigeon, moorhen, red kite, tawny owl, sedge warbler, whitethroat, wren, song thrush, dunnock, greenfinch, linnet, yellowhammer and reed bunting.
- 3.1.9 Ground-nesting Notable Species that breed in open habitats within the Site comprised of grey partridge (6 territories), quail (1 territory), lapwing (2 territories), skylark (125 territories), yellow wagtail (14 territories) and corn bunting (11 territories).
- 3.1.10 Grey partridge and corn bunting were identified breeding principally along grassland field margins, rather than within open agricultural fields themselves. Both species were recorded throughout the Site, with grey partridge recorded in Maps 2, 3, 5, 7 and 8, and corn bunting recorded in Maps 1 to 5 and 7. Lapwing, skylark and yellow wagtail were primarily recorded on-Site in open agricultural fields. Skylark was identified throughout all 8 survey areas, with yellow wagtail also recorded throughout the Site in Maps 1 to 3, 5, 6 and 8. Lapwing was however recorded breeding only in Map 6.
- 3.1.11 All breeding Notable Species (or potential breeding Notable Species) recorded along with an estimated number of the breeding territories within the Site are detailed within Table 3.1. With the exclusion of Schedule 1 species, the indicative locations of the territories of Notable Species are provided in ES Vol 3 Figure 7-4 [EN010141/DR/6.3].



Table 3Error! No text of specified style in document.:1: Breeding Bird Territories for Notable Species Recorded Within the Site.

Species	Total Site Estimated Territories	Comments	
Grey partridge	6	Possible breeding throughout on-Site field margins (Maps 2, 3, 5, 7 and 8).	
Quail	1	Possible breeding. See ES Vol 3 Figure 7-10 [EN010141/DR/6.3].	
Cuckoo	3	Possible breeding. Recorded in field boundary habitats and woodlands (Maps 1, 4, 5 and 8). Note that this species does not 'actively nest' and instead relies on brood parasitism to reproduce.	
Stock dove	10	Probable breeding. Recorded throughout on-Site field boundary habitats and woodland.	
Woodpigeon	32	Confirmed breeding. Recorded throughout on-Site field boundary habitats and woodland.	
Moorhen	1	Confirmed breeding. Juvenile recorded on a pond in Map 7.	
Lapwing	2	Confirmed breeding pairs with chicks recorded in oper arable habitats in Map 6.	
Red kite	1	Confirmed breeding. See ES Vol 3 Figure 7-10 [EN010141/DR/6.3].	
Tawny owl	3	Possible breeding. Calling birds identified in woodlands during dusk visits in Map 1 and 5.	
Skylark	125	Confirmed breeding with chicks identified. Recorded singing throughout on-Site open field habitats.	
Sedge warbler	1	Possible breeding. Identified singing along a field boundary ditch in Map 7.	
Whitethroat	62	Confirmed breeding with chicks identified. Recorded singing and calling throughout field boundary habitats.	
Wren	65	Probable breeding. Recorded singing and calling throughout field boundary habitats.	
Song thrush	26	Confirmed breeding with chicks identified. Recorded throughout on-Site field boundary habitats and woodland.	
Dunnock	31	Confirmed breeding with chicks identified Recorded singing and calling throughout on-Site field boundary habitats.	
Yellow wagtail	14	Probable breeding. Recorded singing and calling in open arable fields (Maps 1 to 3, 5, 6 and 8).	
Greenfinch	6	Probable breeding with displaying recorded. Identified singing and calling in trees (Maps 1 to 5).	
Linnet	44	Confirmed breeding with chicks identified. Recorded throughout on-Site field boundary habitats.	



Species	Total Site Estimated Territories	Comments
Corn bunting	11	Probable breeding with adult seen visiting a potential nest. Singing behaviour recorded along field margins (Maps 1 to 5 and 7).
Yellowhammer	66	Confirmed breeding with chicks identified. Recorded singing and calling throughout field boundary habitats
Reed bunting	30	Confirmed breeding with food carrying identified. Mostly recorded singing and calling along field boundaries adjacent to ditches and watercourses.

3.1.12 Secondary Species recorded¹⁵ within the BBS Area included the following:

- Mute swan;
- Pheasant;
- Red-legged partridge;
- · Feral pigeon;
- Collared dove;
- Coot;
- Little grebe;
- · Grey heron;
- Buzzard;
- Great spotted woodpecker;
- Green woodpecker;
- Jay;
- Magpie;
- Jackdaw;
- Carrion crow;
- Raven;
- Coal tit;
- Blue tit;

¹⁵ It should be noted that breeding status for Secondary Species is not provided here, with presence recorded only due to survey effort focussing on Notable Species..



	Great tit;
	Sand martin;
	Swallow;
	Long-tailed tit;
	Chiffchaff;
	Reed warbler;
	Blackcap;
	Garden warbler;
	Lesser whitethroat;
	Goldcrest;
	Nuthatch;
	• Treecreeper;
	Blackbird;
	• Robin;
	Pied wagtail;
	Chaffinch; and,
	Goldfinch.
3.1.13	During survey visits, observations of 11 other Notable Species were also
	made, but for which established breeding evidence was not recorded within
	the Site ¹⁶ . This included:
	Greylag goose;
	Mallard;
	Common tern;
	Sparrowhawk;

Kestrel;

Rook;

Starling;

¹⁶ This was based on a number of factors including the number and gender of birds recorded (e.g., only one record of one female during the survey period), unsuitability of habitats on-Site for breeding of some species, and movement of birds from Site to a suspected nest site off-Site. Where suitable nesting habitat does exist within the Site for certain species, this is indicated by species in italics



- Mistle thrush;
- House sparrow;
- Meadow pipit; and,
- Bullfinch.



ANNEX 1

Bird Species Summary

Table A1 provides a list of bird species recorded during the breeding bird surveys. Both common and species names are presented along with a summary of each species conservation status using the following abbreviations:

- Ann1 European Birds Directive Annex I species;
- Sch1.1/1.1A/A1/1.2 Schedule 1 part 1, 1 part 1A, A1 or 1 part 2 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended);
- BoCC Birds of Conservation Concern as listed by leading bird conservation organisations in the UK, including the RSPB and BTO. Red and Amber categories are given (Stanbury *et al.*, 2021; Stanbury *et al.* 2024);
- Sec41 species listed on Section 41 of the Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006 (Species of principle importance for conserving biodiversity in England); and,
- LBAP Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Local Biodiversity Action Plan
- CPASI Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Additional Species of Interest

Table A1: Summary of bird species.

Common name	Species name	Conservation status
Greylag goose	Anser anser	Amber
Mute swan	Cygnus olor	Green
Mallard	Anas platyrhynchos	Amber
Grey partridge	Perdix perdix	Red; Sec41; LBAP
Pheasant	Phasianus colchicus	-
Quail	Coturnix coturnix	Amber; Sch1.1; RBBP
Red-legged partridge	Alectoris rufa	-
Cuckoo	Cuculus canorus	Red; Sec41; LBAP



Common name	Species name	Conservation status
Feral pigeon	Columba livia	Green
Stock dove	Columba oenas	Amber
Woodpigeon	Columba palumbus	Amber
Collared dove	Streptopelia decaocto	Green
Moorhen	Gallinula chloropus	Amber
Coot	Fulica atra	Green
Little grebe	Tachybaptus ruficollis	Green
Lapwing	Vanellus vanellus	Red; Sec41; LBAP
Common tern	Sterna hirundo	Amber; Ann1
Grey heron	Ardea cinerea	Green
Little egret	Egretta garzetta	Green; Ann1
Sparrowhawk	Accipiter nisus	Amber
Red kite	Milvus milvus	Green; Sch1.1 & 1A; Ann1
Buzzard	Buteo buteo	Green
Barn owl	Tyto alba	Green; Sch1.1; LBAP (CPASI)
Tawny owl	Strix aluco	Amber
Great spotted woodpecker	Dendrocopos major	Green
Green woodpecker	Picus viridis	Green
Kestrel	Falco tinnunculus	Amber
Jay	Garrulus glandarius	Green
Magpie	Pica pica	Green
Jackdaw	Coloeus monedula	Green
Rook	Corvus frugilegus	Amber
Carrion crow	Corvus corone	Green
Raven	Corvus corax	Green
Coal tit	Periparus ater	Green



Common name	Species name	Conservation status
Blue tit	Cyanistes caeruleus	Green
Great tit	Parus major	Green
Skylark	Alauda arvensis	Red; Sec41; LBAP
Sand martin	Riparia riparia	Green
Swallow	Hirundo rustica	Green
Long-tailed tit	Aegithalos caudatus	Green
Chiffchaff	Phylloscopus collybita	Green
Sedge warbler	Acrocephalus schoenobaenus	Amber
Reed warbler	Acrocephalus scirpaceus	Green
Blackcap	Sylvia atricapilla	Green
Garden warbler	Sylvia borin	Green
Lesser whitethroat	Curruca curruca	Green
Whitethroat	Curruca communis	Amber
Goldcrest	Regulus regulus	Green
Wren	Troglodytes troglodytes	Amber
Nuthatch	Sitta europaea	Green
Treecreeper	Certhia familiaris	Green
Starling	Sturnus vulgaris	Red; Sec41; LBAP
Song thrush	Turdus philomelos	Amber; Sec41; LBAP
Mistle thrush	Turdus viscivorus	Red
Blackbird	Turdus merula	Green
Robin	Erithacus rubecula	Green
House sparrow	Passer domesticus	Red; Sec41; LBAP
Dunnock	Prunella modularis	Amber; Sec41; LBAP
Yellow wagtail	Motacilla flava	Red; Sec41; LBAP
Pied wagtail	Motacilla alba yarellii	Amber



Common name	Species name	Conservation status
Meadow pipit	Anthus pratensis	Amber
Chaffinch	Fringilla coelebs	Green
Bullfinch	Pyrrhula pyrrhula	Amber; Sec41; LBAP
Greenfinch	Chloris chloris	Red
Linnet	Linaria cannabina	Red; Sec41; LBAP
Goldfinch	Carduelis carduelis	Green
Corn bunting	Emberiza calandra	Red; Sec41; LBAP
Yellowhammer	Emberiza citrinella	Red; Sec41; LBAP
Reed bunting	Emberiza schoeniclus	Amber; Sec41; LBAP



Annex 2

Breeding Bird Survey Effort - 2025

Table A2: Breeding Bird Survey Effort - 2025.

Visit	Date	Area	Start Time (24 hrs)	End time (24 hrs)	Sunrise / Sunset (24 hrs)	Wind Speed	Wind Direction	Rain	Cloud Cover	Temperature (°C)
	Map 1	24/04/2025	08:55	11:55	05:44 / 20:15	3	NNE	0	8/8	9 - 12
	Map 2	24/04/2025	05:40	08:50	05:44 / 20:15	3	NNE	0	8/8	7 - 9
	Мар 3	24/04/2025	05:50	09:05	05:44 / 20:15	0 - 1	NNE	0	4/8 – 8/8	7 - 14
	Map 4	24/04/2025	05:35	08:41	05:44 / 20:15	2 – 3	NNE	0	8/8	8 - 10
1	Мар 5	24/04/2025	05:34	08:29	05:44 / 20:15	2	NNE	0	8/8	8 - 10
	Мар 6	24/04/2025	08:29	11:29	05:44 / 20:15	2 – 3	NNE – WNE	0	8/8	10 - 12
	Мар 7	24/04/2025	05:30	08:30	05:44 / 20:15	2	N	0	8/8	8
	Мар 8	24/04/2025	09:07	12:14	05:44 / 20:15	3	NNE	0	8/8	10 - 12
	Мар 1	29/04/2025	08:58	12:29	05:34 / 20:24	2 - 3	SE - SEE	0	0/8 – 1/8	12 - 23
	Мар 2	29/04/2025	05:35	08:46	05:34 / 20:24	0 - 2	ENE	0	0/8 – 1/8	6 - 12
2	Мар 3	30/04/2025	05:30	08:50	05:32 / 20:25	0 - 1	NE	0	0/8 – 2/8	5 - 14
	Map 4	30/04/2025	08:37	11:42	05:32 / 20:25	1	NE – SE	0	1/8	12 - 22
	Мар 5	30/04/2025	08:20	11:20	05:32 / 20:25	0	NE – E	0	2/8	14 - 21



Visit	Date	Area	Start Time (24 hrs)	End time (24 hrs)	Sunrise / Sunset (24 hrs)	Wind Speed	Wind Direction	Rain	Cloud Cover	Temperature (°C)
	Мар 6	30/04/2025	05:20	08:20	05:32 / 20:25	0	NE	0	1/8 – 2/8	6 - 14
	Map 7	30/04/2025	05:32	08:53	05:32 / 20:25	0	NNE	0	1/8 - 2/8	6 - 15
	Мар 8	30/04/2025	05:25	08:31	05:32 / 20:25	0 – 1	NNE	0	1/8	8 - 16
	Map 1	10/05/2025	05:29	08:29	05:14 / 20:42	2 – 3	NNE / E	0	0/8	5 - 15
	Map 2	11/05/2025	05:27	08:44	05:12 / 20:43	2	NE	0	0/8 - 1/8	7 - 17
	Мар 3	11/05/2025	05:20	08:45	05:12 / 20:43	0 - 1	SE	0	0/8	5 - 18
	Map 4	12/05/2025	05:27	08:42	05:10 / 20:45	1 – 2	NE – ENE	0	1/8 – 7/8	12 - 18
3	Мар 5	10/05/2025	05:06	08:10	05:14 / 20:42	4 - 5	NE	0	0/8	6 - 10
	Мар 6	11/05/2025	05:10	08:15	05:12 / 20:43	0 – 2	NE	0	0/8 – 8/8	8 - 12
	Мар 7	18/05/2025	05:28	08:42	05:01 / 20:54	2- 3	N	0	8/8	9 - 10
	Мар 8	13/05/2025	05:28	08:32	05:09 / 20:47	2 – 3	NNE – NE	0	0/8	9 - 16
	Map 1	21/05/2025	19:00	22:00	04:57 / 20:59	2 - 4	NE	0	0/8 – 8/8	8 - 12
	Мар 2	22/05/2025	19:00	22:00	04:56 / 21:00	2	NE	0	0/8 – 2/8	8 - 12
	Мар 3	23/05/2025	18:45	22:00	04:55 / 21:02	2 - 3	NE	0	1/8 – 4/8	9 - 13
4	Map 4	24/05/2025	18:55	21:58	04:53 / 21:03	4	WSW - SW	0	8/8	15 - 18
	Мар 5	23/05/2025	18:54	22:00	04:55 / 21:02	1 - 2	W-SW	0	4/8 – 6/8	13 - 19
	Мар 6	24/05/2025	18:45	22:03	04:53 / 21:03	4 – 5	sw	0 -1	8/8	15 - 17



Visit	Date	Area	Start Time (24 hrs)	End time (24 hrs)	Sunrise / Sunset (24 hrs)	Wind Speed	Wind Direction	Rain	Cloud Cover	Temperature (°C)
	Map 7	29/05/2025	19:08	22:12	04:48 / 21:09	3 - 4	WSW – SW	0	2/8 - 5/8	15 - 20
	Map 8	26/05/2025	19:00	22:00	04:51 / 21:06	4	SW	0	8/8	12 - 13
	Map 1	14/06/2025	04:35	07:35	04:39 / 21:24	2 – 3	S - SSW	0	1/8 – 8/8	16 - 20
	Map 2	25/06/2025	04:25	07:25	04:41 / 21:27	1	SW	0	2/8 – 5/8	15 - 18
	Мар 3	17/06/2025	04:45	08:10	04:39 / 21:25	1 - 3	SW	0	3/8 – 4/8	12 - 17
_	Map 4	18/06/2025	04:49	07:47	04:39 / 21:25	1 – 2	ENE – W	0	2/8 – 6/8	14 - 19
5	Мар 5	14/06/2025	04:45	07:50	04:39 / 21:24	0 – 3	SSE	0 - 1	3/8 – 7/8	15 - 18
	Мар 6	16/06/2025	04:43	07:45	04:39 / 21:25	0 – 1	W	0	0/8 – 7/8	12 - 16
	Мар 7	19/06/2025	04:57	08:07	04:39 / 21:26	1 – 2	NE	0	0/8	14 - 20
	Мар 8	26/06/2025	04:30	07:15	04:41 / 21:26	3	SW	0	8/8	17
	Мар 1	03/07/2025	04:50	07:51	04:45 / 21:25	2	WNW	0	0/8	10
	Мар 2	07/07/2025	04:48	09:00	04:49 / 21:22	3 - 4	N	0 - 4	2/8 – 8/8	12 - 14
	Мар 3	08/07/2025	04:50	08:10	04:50 / 21:22	3 – 4	N – NW	0	0/8 – 4/8	11 - 15
6	Map 4	04/07/2025	04:50	08:00	04:46 / 21:24	2	WSW	0	1/8	11
	Мар 5	05/07/2025	04:45	07:50	04:47 / 21:23	5	SW	0	4/8 – 8/8	15 - 17
	Мар 6	06/07/2025	04:35	07:40	04:48 / 21:23	1 – 2	SW	0	3/8 – 4/8	14 - 17
	Мар 7	09/07/2025	04:57	08:25	04:51 / 21:21	2	WNW	0	2/8 – 4/8	12 - 17



Visit	Date	Area	Start Time (24 hrs)	End time (24 hrs)	Sunrise / Sunset (24 hrs)	Wind Speed	Wind Direction	Rain	Cloud Cover	Temperature (°C)
	Map 8	07/07/2025	04:57	08:00	04:49 / 21:22	1	NW	0 – 1	7/8 – 8/8	11 - 13

	Wi	nd Speed (Beaufort)	Wind Direction		Rain		Cloud Cover							
Calm	0	Strong breeze	5		N	None	0		1/8	5/8				
Light air	1	Mod. gale	6	Recorded using a 16 point compass (examples given) 9	NNE	Light Showers	1		2/8	6/8				
Light breeze	2	Fresh gale	7		point	point	point	point	NE	Heavy Showers	2	Recorded in eighths	3/8	7/8
Mod. breeze	3	Strong gale	8		ENE	Light rain	3	_	4/8	0.10				
Fresh breeze	4	Whole gale	9		NE	Heavy rain	4			8/8				



Annex 3

Breeding Bird Survey Report (PEIR Submission)